

June 12-14, 2018 – Long Beach



### Adiabatic Cooling with hydroBLU Controls

Description: Adiabatic Cooling of Natural Refrigerants using hydroBLU water metering technology reduces water consumption through intelligent controls

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Developing Technology for Natural Refrigerants.

Extensive Install Base of Evaporators and Gas Cooling

80+ Years of Experience!



### What is hydroBLU Technology?



- hydroBLU controls technology for adiabatic coolers and condensers employs metered water control along with pre-cooling pads to reduce the air temperature before reaching the dry coil.
- This enables process reaches temperatures closer to the wet bulb while using water during peak periods and dry fans during off peak hours
- Efficiencies up to 60 to 90% depending region





## **Working Principle**

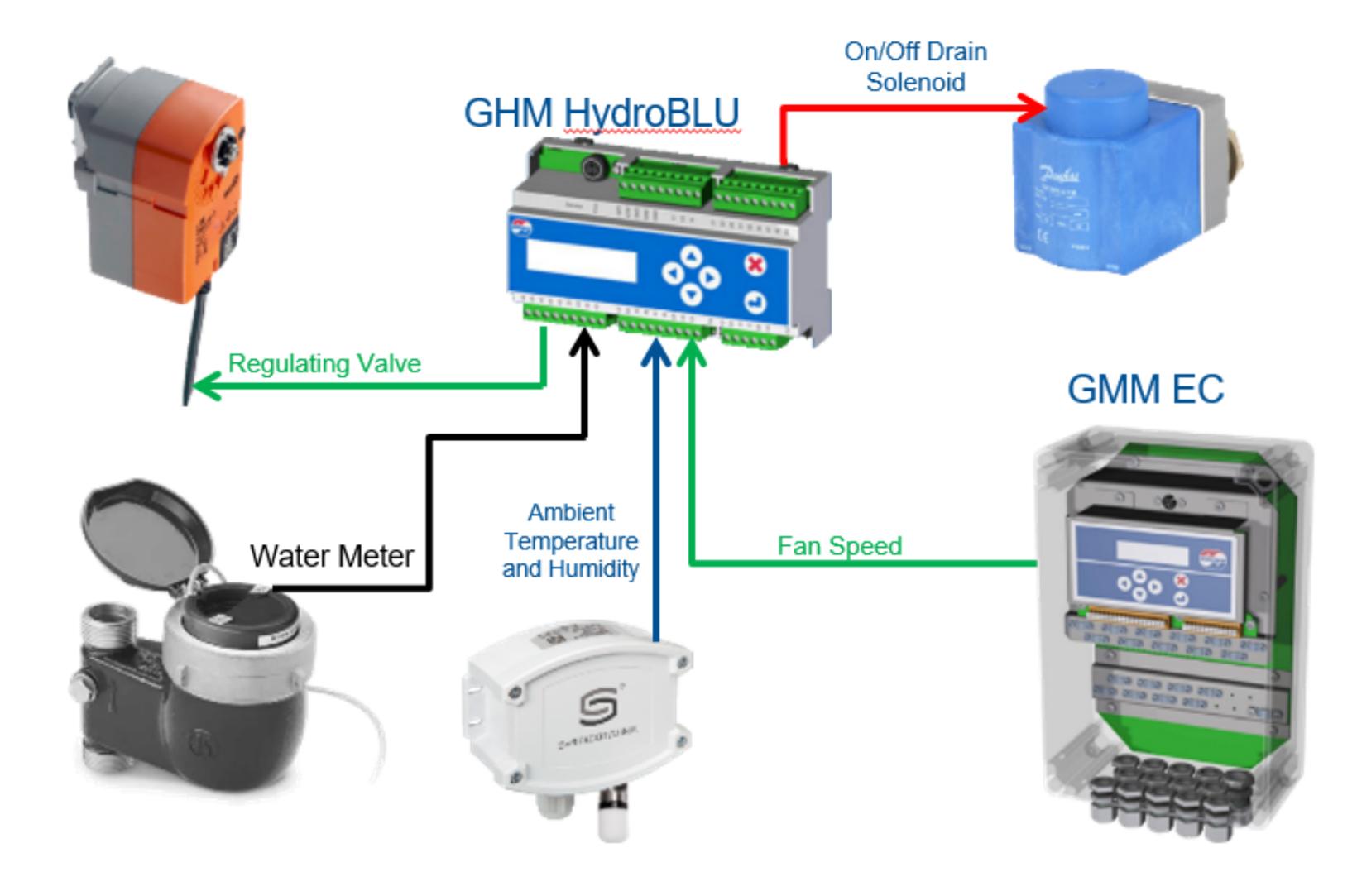






### Components

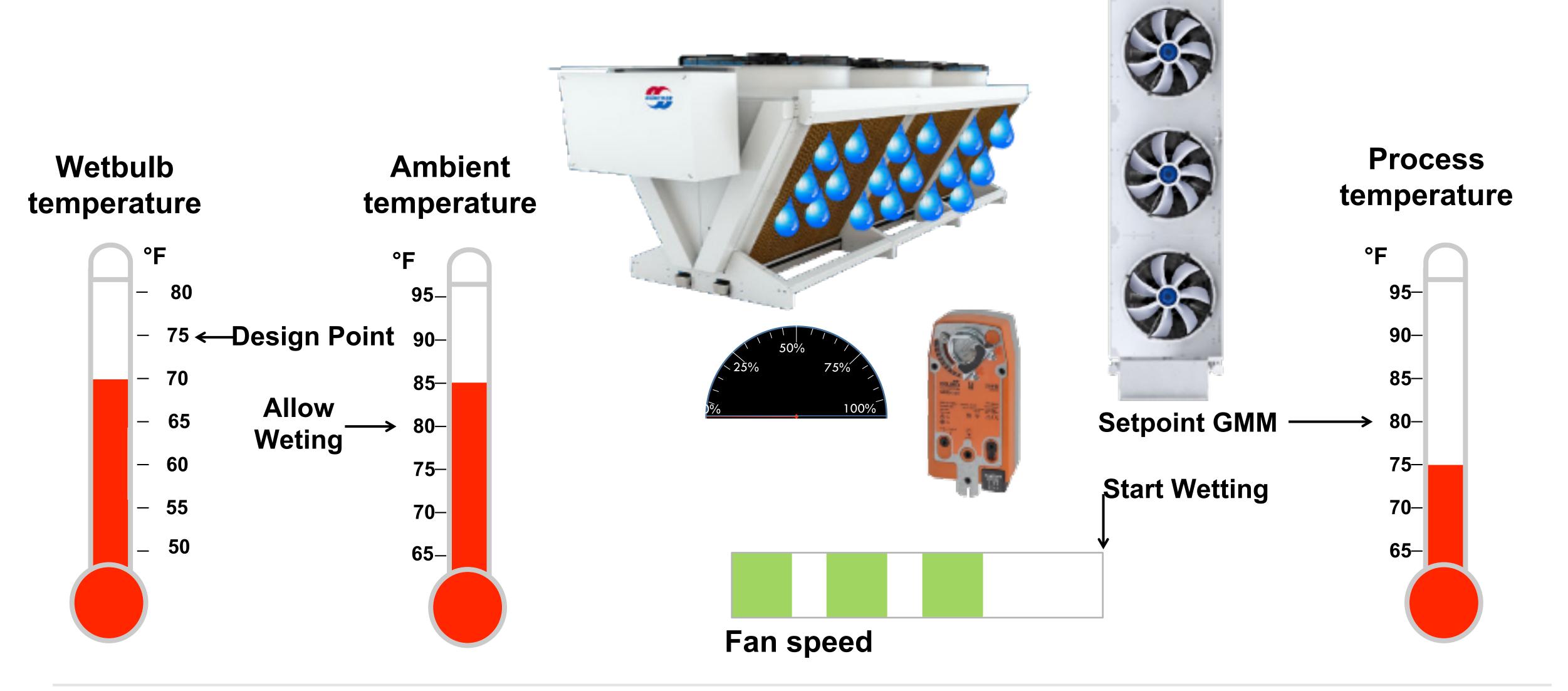






### Water Saving Mode







### Example – Long Beach, CA

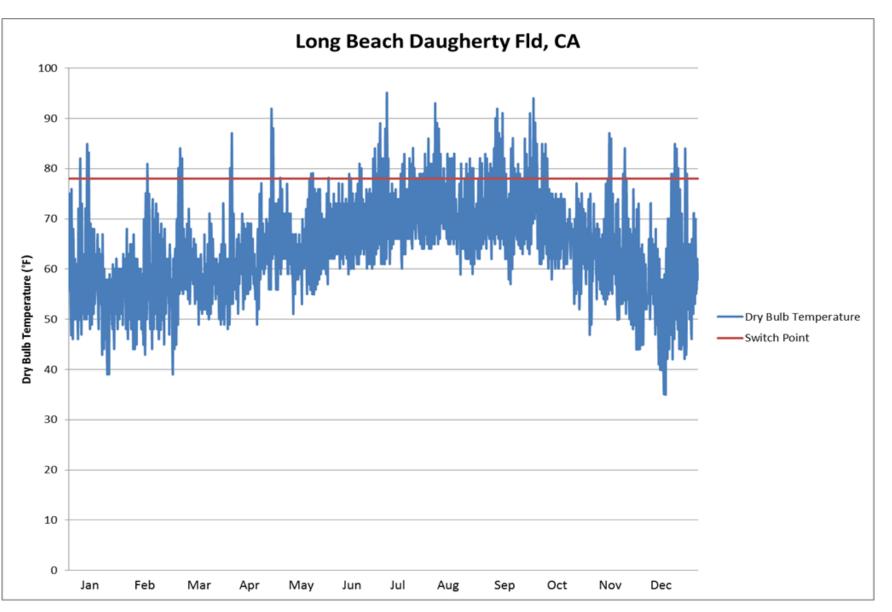


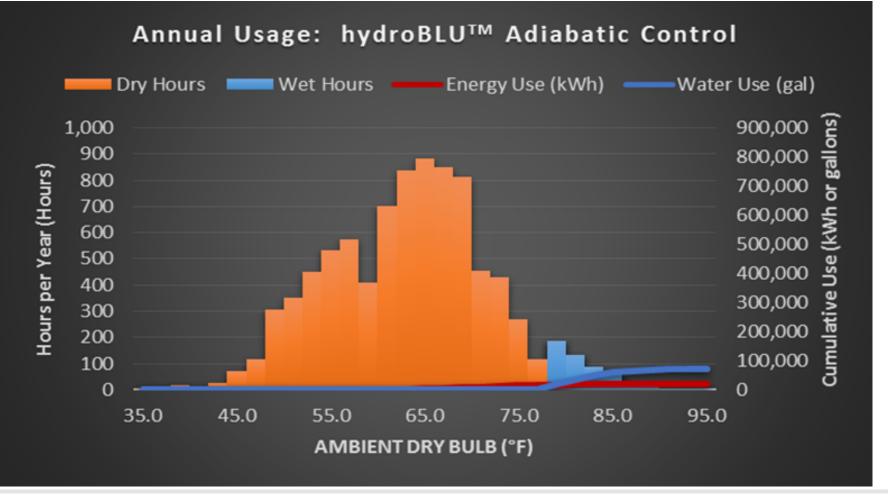
### **Power and Water Rates:**

| Electricity rate | \$0.16  | \$ / kWh      |
|------------------|---------|---------------|
| Demand charge    | \$15.79 | \$ / kW / mo. |
| Water supply     | \$3.79  | \$ / kgal     |
| Sewage           | \$2.47  | \$ / kgal     |
| Water treatment  | \$4.00  | \$ / kgal     |

| III. II Data.                              |           | 0.41.4.4.4.  |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| Unit Data:                                 |           | Adiabatic    |
| Parameter                                  | Notes     | hydroBLU     |
| System                                     |           | Metered Flow |
| Water Control                              |           | Configurable |
| Fan Motor Control                          |           | EC Motor VSD |
| Product Application                        |           | Cooler       |
| Design heat rejection                      | Btu/hr    | 1,723,000    |
| Entering fluid temperature                 | °F        | 165.0        |
| Leaving fluid temperature (LFT)            | °F        | 85.0         |
| Inlet dry bulb temperature                 | °F        | 95.0         |
| Inlet wet bulb temperature                 | °F        | 70.0         |
| Unit heat rejection capacity               | Btu/hr    | 1,723,000    |
| Precooled air (switch point), if appl.     | °F        | 78.0         |
| Total number of fans                       |           | 6            |
| Total fan power, input                     | kW        | 22.2         |
| Total air flow rate                        | cfm       | 102,975      |
| Minimum fan speed setting                  | (if appl) | 10%          |
| Spray water pump power, input              | kW        | 0.0          |
| Water intake at design                     | gpm       | 5.2          |
| Minimum leaving fluid temperature setpoint | °F        | 85.0         |

| Fan power, maximum                          | kW       | 22.2   |
|---|----------|--------|
| Spray water pump power                      | kW       | 0.0    |
| TOTAL maximum power                         | kW       | 22     |
| Fan power, annual average                   | kW       | 2.2    |
| Spray pump pwr., annual avg.                | kW       | 0.0    |
| TOTAL power, annual avg.                    | kW       | 2      |
| Fan energy                                  | kWh/yr   | 19,457 |
| Spray water pump energy                     | kWh/yr   | 0      |
| TOTAL energy                                | kWh/yr   | 19,457 |
| Cost of fan electricity                     | USD/yr   | 7,454  |
| Cost of spray pump electricity              | USD/yr   | 0      |
| TOTAL cost of electricity                   | USD/yr   | 7,454  |
| Water use hours per year                    | hours/yr | 527    |
| Water use hours as % of year                |          | 6%     |
| Water use                                   | kgal/yr  | 72     |
| Water evaporation                           | kgal/yr  | 48     |
| Chemically treated blowdown                 | kgal/yr  | 0      |
| Non-treated water blowdown (to other use    | kgal/yr  | 24     |
| Water intake, maximum                       | gpm      | 5.2    |
| Average water intake per year               | gpm      | 0.1    |
| Water use, (equiv.) cycles of concentration |          | 3      |
| Water use savings vs evaporative base       |          | >90%   |
| Cost of water                               | USD/yr   | 271    |
| ANNUAL water & energy cost                  | USD/yr   | 7,725  |







### **Additional Standard Features**



- Water savings typically 60% to 90% (+) vs evaporative towers/coolers condensers
- Minimize water usage through water metering controls
- Ability to input water and energy cost into Güntner GHM control for optimal savings
- No water recirculation, no water treatment
- No pump, less risk of down time
- Freeze Protection Standard
- Maintenance Function
- Low Capacity Motor Management
- Cleaning Function
- Most All Communication Protocols Available for an Adder







# Thank you very much!





### Working Principle



