



Rob Arthur, PE/PEng
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Principal



Natural Refrigerant Technologies

A Design Consultants Perspective

CTA Architects Engineers



400+ person Architectural Engineering Firm

17 Offices

Work National and International

Refrigeration Engineering Division

20+ Engineers/Designers/Commissioners

Project Role - Engineer of Record

Albertsons

Carpinteria, CA (NH₃/CO₂ Cascade)

Greenhill Platinum

**First 100% Natural Refrigerant Grocery
store in the United States**

DeCA

San Antonio, TX (NH₃/CO₂ Cascade)

Kanto Plains, Japan (NH₃/CO₂ Secondary)

Walgreens

Chicago, IL (Transcritical CO₂)

Wholefoods

Northern CA (Transcritical CO₂ in Design)

Multiple Secondary Glycol Systems

Target

Columbia, MS (R134a MT/CO2 Cascade LT)

Los Angeles, CA (R134a MT Secondary Glycol/LT CO2 Cascade)

Walmart

Multiple R-407a MT Secondary Glycol/LT CO2 Secondary

SuperValu

Boston, MA (First Greenhill Platinum Store)

(R404a MT Secondary Glycol/LT Secondary CO2)

Multiple MT Secondary Glycol

Why Movement to Natural Refrigerant Systems

Concerns with high GWP Refrigerants

- Leak rate concerns
 - Global Warming
 - Cost of Refrigerant
 - EPA Penalties
- Conversion
 - Avoid future refrigerant conversions
- Energy Reduction
- All Advanced Refrigeration systems
 - Reduce amount of high GWP refrigerant charge
 - Utilize a lower GWP refrigerant
 - Eliminate high GWP refrigerant

Progression to address High GWP refrigerant charge

- HFC Distributive Systems
- HFC MT Secondary Glycol Systems
- HFC LT Secondary CO2 Systems
- HFC/LT CO2 Cascade/MT Secondary CO2
- NH3/LT CO2 Cascade/MT Secondary CO2
- Transcritical CO2 Booster System
- Enhanced Transcritical CO2 Booster System
- Hydrocarbon Micro Distributive

Advanced Refrigeration System Design

- Build time into schedule for full development
- Bring all stake holders together
- Designate one controls manufacture and integrated them early in the design process
- Utilize Refrigeration Consultant/Vendor as hub that receives, distributes and coordinates with all stake holders.
 - Owner
 - Architect/Engineers
 - Equipment Manufacturer
 - Controls Manufacturer
 - Contractor

Benefits of a Natural Refrigerant System

- Lowest Life Cycle Costs for some system types.
- No more major Refrigerant Conversions every 10 to 15 years.
- Energy Efficiency (in the right application)
- Environmental Benefits
- Future Proofing
 - Phase Outs, De-Listing, Taxes, Fines, Charge Limits
 - When there is a cost/penalty for CO2 emissions this will change all the financial equations and business cases for natural refrigerant systems.

#5 Benefits

	R-407a Central System	R-407a Distributed System	R-407a Med Secondary Glycol Low Secondary CO2	R-407a Med Secondary CO2 Low Secondary CO2
Life Cycle Cost	100%	98%	113%	104%
TEWI Direct (metric Ton CO2-e)	14,715	9,479	2,141	2,142
TEWI Indirect (metric Ton CO2-e)	18,053	18,053	20,761	18,053
TEWI Total (metric Ton CO2-e)	32,768	27,531	22,901	20,194
TEWI % of Baseline	100%	84%	70%	62%

		R-407a High Side Med Secondary CO2 Low Cascade CO2	NH3 High Side Med Secondary CO2 Low Cascade CO2	Med/Low Transcritical CO2 Booster
Life Cycle Cost		98%	114%	96%
TEWI Direct (metric Ton CO2-e)		2,142	1	3
TEWI Indirect (metric Ton CO2-e)		16,247	15,345	15,345
TEWI Total (metric Ton CO2-e)		18,389	15,346	15,347
TEWI % of Baseline		56%	47%	47%

What Future Holds

- Don't believe Advanced systems of the future will look like current advanced refrigeration systems of today.
 - Standardized
 - Assembly Line
 - Modules
 - Off the shelf package units
 - Less customization

System Types

- LT Cascade/MT Secondary CO2
 - Ammonia or Hydrocarbon over CO2
 - Low GWP Synthetic over CO2
- CO2 Transcritical/CO2 Enhanced Transcritical
- Micro Distributive



business case

natural refrigerants

25 & 26 June - Atlanta, Georgia



Contact Information

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